REPORT OF AUDIT

OF THE

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE, NEW JERSEY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2 TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE, NEW JERSEY

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FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2 TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE, NEW JERSEY

OFFICIALS IN OFFICE AND SURETY BONDS

<u>Name</u>	Amount of
Board of Commissioners	Surety Bond
Robert S. McEwan, Chairman	
Edwin Deuchar, Secretary	
William Ball, Treasurer	(A)
Matthew Gannon	
Paul Bagdanov	

Other Officials

David M. Shotwell, Jr., Clerk
Richard J. Cuttrell, Financial Officer
Ronald G. Cole, Jr., Paid Firefighter, Fire Official
Scott Liddick, Reserve Paid Firefighter, Assistant Fire Official, Fire Inspector
James Hundley, Attorney
Rev. Walter Quigg, Chaplain
Rev. John DiGiamberardino, Chaplain
Rev. Richard Hendrickson, Chaplain

Surety Company

(A) Penn National Insurance Company provides a blanket position bond which covers the Treasurer and Financial Officer by title for an amount of \$5,000.00 for each position.

FINANCIAL SECTION

ALVINO & SHECHTER, L.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 110 Fortunato Place Neptune, New Jersey 07753-3767

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 Township of Neptune Ocean Grove, New Jersey 07756

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2 in the County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fire District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Fire District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2, in the County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 7 through 14 and 55 through 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2's basic financial statements. The related major fund supporting statements and schedules included in the Other Supplementary Information section listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules previously referred to are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2019, on our consideration of the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Vincent J. Alvino, CPA

ALVINO & SHECHTER, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Neptune, New Jersey October 15, 2019

ALVINO & SHECHTER, L.L.C.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 2 Township of Neptune Ocean Grove, New Jersey 07756

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2, in the County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fire District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fire District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, in considering the Fire District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Vincent J. Alvine, CPA

ALVINO & SHECHTER, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Neptune, New Jersey October 15, 2019

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

As management of the Neptune Township Fire District No. 2 (hereafter referred to as the "Fire District"), we offer readers of the Fire District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Fire District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the information furnished in the notes to the basic financial statements along with the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Fire District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position of the Fire District, which represents the difference between the summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, totaled negative \$721,441.99 at the close of the current year.
- As of the close of the current year, the Fire District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$499,932.94, an increase of \$83,414.90, or twenty percent (20%) in comparison with the prior year. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase in the tax levy and a decrease in the cost of operations and maintenance in the current year.
- At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$345,610.94, approximately a thirty-four percent (34%) increase from that of the prior year.
- The Fire District's outstanding bonded debt at the close of the current year pursuant to obligations under capital lease for the acquisition of a Class A pumper fire apparatus amounted to \$207,000.00. The total debt of the Fire District decreased by \$37,000.00 as a result of the current year budgeted debt payment.

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT

This report of audit consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Fire District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Fire District's finances. Fund financial statements for the governmental activities tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Fire District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Fire District's most significant funds.

Reporting the Fire District as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the Fire District's finances is, "Is the Fire District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Fire District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT (CONT'D)

Reporting the Fire District as a Whole (Cont'd)

These two statements report the Fire District's net position and changes in it. You can think of the Fire District's net position - which represents the difference between the summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - as one way to measure the Fire District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Fire District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Fire District's property tax base and the condition of the Fire District's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Fire District.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the Fire District into one kind of activity, that being governmental activities. This is where all of the Fire District's basic services are reported, which include fire-fighting services. Property taxes, uniform fire safety act fees, charges for service billings, and state grants primarily finance these activities.

Reporting the Fire District's Most Significant Funds

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Fire District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Fire District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Fire District constitute one fund type, that being governmental funds.

Government funds - All of the Fire District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. These classifications of fund balance show the nature and extent of constraints placed on the Fire District's fund balances by law, creditors, Fire District Board of Commissioners, and the Fire District's annually adopted budget. Unassigned fund balance is available for spending for any purpose. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Fire District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Fire District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

The Fire District maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, special revenue fund, capital projects fund, and debt service fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

USING THIS REPORT OF AUDIT (CONT'D)

Reporting the Fire District's Most Significant Funds (Cont'd)

Fiduciary funds - A small amount of the Fire District's activities are reported in fiduciary funds, which are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of others and includes assets held for the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund.

The Fire District maintains one fiduciary fund type, the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund. Information is presented separately in the fiduciary fund statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

THE FIRE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

During 2018, the Fire District's net position decreased by \$668,313.57, decreasing from (\$53,128.42) in 2017 to (\$721,441.99) in 2018. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Fire District's governmental-type activities.

TABLE 1 NET POSITION

	2018	2017
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 518,633.40 <u>407,424.57</u>	\$ 472,192.96 477,212.04
Total Assets	926,057.97	949,405.00
Deferred Outflows of Resources	109,012.00	<u>145,006.00</u>
Other Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	97,186.46 <u>1,257,302.50</u>	129,118.42 913,225.00
Total Liabilities	<u>1,354,488.96</u>	1,042,343.42
Deferred Inflows of Resources	402,023.00	105,196.00
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	200,424.57	233,212.04
Capital Projects Unrestricted	64,322.00 _(986,188.56)	64,322.00 _(350,662.46)
Total Net Position	\$ <u>(721,441.99)</u>	\$ <u>(53,128.42)</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

THE FIRE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONT'D)

In total, assets decreased by \$23,347.03, deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$35,994.00, liabilities increased by \$312,145.54, and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$296,827.00. The decrease in assets was attributable to a variety of factors, including the decrease in net capital assets over the prior year. The decrease in deferred outflows of resources and the increases in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are directly related to the effects of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 71 (pensions - see note 7 and Table 2 that follows) and the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 (OPEB - see note 8 and Table 2 that follows).

\$200,424.57, of the Fire District's net position at the end of the current year reflects its net investment in capital assets (i.e., buildings and improvements, apparatus and equipment and vehicles). This component represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and net of outstanding balances of borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The Fire District uses these assets to provide fire-fighting and other services to the citizens of the Township of Neptune, consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Fire District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional component of the Fire District's net position, \$64,322.00, represents resources that are restricted as of the end of the current and prior years. This amount consists of amounts restricted for future capital projects.

The third and final component of net position is unrestricted. The unrestricted net position at year end is a deficit of \$986,188.56. This component represents resources and uses that do not meet the criteria of the aforementioned two components of net position.

TABLE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Expenses:		
Operating Appropriations:		
Administration	\$ 126,432.70	\$ 123,814.55
Cost of Operations and Maintenance	601,276.01	651,763.32
Operating Appropriations Offset with		
Revenues	23,000.00	23,000.00
Interest on Long-Term Debt	9,667.50	_11,442.50
Total Program Expenses	760,376.21	810,020.37

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

THE FIRE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONT'D)

TABLE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONT'D)

	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	29,510.43	24,498.32
Operating Grants	_14,071.20	_13,819.20
Net Program Expenses	716,794.58	771,702.85
General Revenues:		
Taxes:		
Property Taxes, Levied for General		
Purposes	703,113.00	683,194.00
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	47,130.00	46,880.00
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1,275.01	271.90
Unrestricted Miscellaneous Income	2,573.00	3,122.00
Total General Revenues	754,091.01	733,467.90
Change in Net Position	37,296.43	(38,234.95)
Net Position, January 1	(758,738.42)	(14,893.47)
Net Position - December 31	\$ <u>(721,441.99)</u>	\$ <u>(54,128.42)</u>

During 2018, the Fire District's revenues increased by \$25,887.22, increasing from \$771,785.42 in 2017 to \$797,672.64 in 2018. The increase is largely attributable to an increase in property taxes levied for general purposes. In regards to expenses, the Fire District experienced a decrease of \$49,644.16, decreasing from \$810,020.37 in 2017 to \$760,376.21 in 2018. The decrease is largely attributable to decreased operating appropriations in the cost of operations and maintenance from that of the previous year.

Property taxes constituted approximately ninety-four percent (94%) of total revenues for governmental activities for the Fire District for the year 2018. In addition, charges for services constituted approximately four percent (4%) of total revenues for governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

THE FIRE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONT'D)

Cost of operations and maintenance comprised approximately seventy-nine percent (79%) of Fire District expenses, with administration comprising approximately seventeen percent (17%) of total expenses. The remaining four percent (4%) of expenses results from costs incurred for fire official activities and mandatory debt service interest costs incurred.

THE FIRE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the Fire District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$499,932.94, which is higher than last year's total of \$416,518.04. Of the combined ending fund balances of \$499,932.94, approximately sixty-nine percent (69%) constitutes unassigned fund balance in the amount of \$345,610.94. The remainder of fund balance is assigned/restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned as follows: (1) restricted for future capital projects \$64,322.00, and (2) designated for subsequent year's expenditures \$90,000.00.

General fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Fire District and is used to account for the inflows and outflows of its financial resources. The acquisition of certain capital assets, such as fire-fighting and emergency medical apparatus and equipment, is accounted for in the general fund when it is responsible for the financing of such expenditures. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$345,610.94.

During the current year, the fund balance of the Fire District's general fund increased by \$83,414.90. The primary factor affecting the fund balance of the general fund is as follows:

• The general fund received \$736,471.44 in revenues in the current year and expended \$653,056.54 in the current year in expenditures.

Special revenue fund - The special revenue fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as state or federal government grants, that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Fire District received a supplemental fire services grant during the current year in the amount of \$6,250.20.

Capital projects fund - The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities such as fire houses, fire-fighting apparatus, and emergency medical equipment. Generally, the financial resources of the capital projects fund are derived from the issuance of debt or by the utilization of fund balance, which must be authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election. At the end of the current year, the capital projects fund balance is \$64,322.00. The fund balance remained the same as that of the end of the prior year, since there were no transactions during the current year in the capital projects fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

THE FIRE DISTRICT'S FUNDS (CONT'D)

Debt service fund - The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. For the current year, the Fire District expended \$37,000.00 and \$10,130.00, representing the payments of principal and interest, respectively.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the month of December of the current year, the Fire District modified its general fund budget through a budgetary line item transfer approved by the governing body.

The final budgetary basis revenue estimate was \$874,794.00, which remained unchanged from the original budgeted estimate.

In addition, during the current year, the Fire District budgeted \$703,113.00 and \$47,130.00 totaling \$750,243.00 for property taxes (local tax levy) and \$6,251.00 for state aid revenue (supplemental fire services grant). Fire safety act revenue was budgeted for \$23,000.00. The Fire District received fire safety act revenue in the amount of \$29,510.43.

The final budgetary basis expenditure appropriation estimate was \$874,794.00 which remained unchanged from the original budget estimate.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Fire District's net investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2018 amounts to a historical cost of \$3,534,144.40, or \$407,424.57 net of accumulated depreciation (see Table 3 below). This net investment in capital assets includes buildings and improvements, apparatus and equipment, and vehicles. Net capital assets decreased by \$69,787.47 in 2018 from 2017. The decrease was attributable to the current year increase in depreciation expense.

TABLE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR END (NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION)

	<u> 2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>
Buildings and Improvements	\$103,999.87	\$111,512.74
Apparatus and Equipment	269,872.90	318,940.70
Vehicles	33,551.80	<u>46,758.60</u>
Total	\$ <u>407,424.57</u>	\$ <u>477,212.04</u>

Major capital asset events during the year include the following:

• As previously mentioned, \$69,787.47 of depreciation expense was recognized by the Fire District on existing capital assets.

Additional information on the Fire District's capital assets can be found in note 4.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONT'D)

Debt

Capital Leases Payable. At the end of the current year, the Fire District had a capital lease outstanding of \$207,000.00. The Fire District is leasing a pumper fire apparatus with original issue debt totaling \$375,000.00, for a term of ten years (refer to audit exhibit I-2, schedule of obligations under capital leases, and note 6, for more detail).

Compensated Absences. At the end of the current year, the liability for compensated absences was \$61,317.50. Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick leave, and sabbatical leave. Additional information on compensated absences can be found in note 11.

Net Pension Liability. At the end of the current year, the net pension liability was \$535,123.00. For additional details on the net pension liability see note 7.

Net OPEB Liability. At the end of the current year, the net OPEB liability was \$453,862.00. For additional details on the net OPEB liability see note 8.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

For the 2018 year, the Fire District was able to sustain its budget through property taxes, uniform fire safety act annual registration fees, interest on investments and deposits, and other miscellaneous revenue sources. Approximately ninety-four percent (94%) of total revenue is from property taxes, while six percent (6%) of the Fire District's revenue is from federal, state, and local sources. The 2019 budget was adopted January 10, 2019 by the Board of Fire Commissioners, and was subsequently approved by the voters at the annual fire district election on February 16, 2019.

CONTACTING THE FIRE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Fire District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Richard J. Cuttrell, Financial Officer, at the Ocean Grove Board of Fire Commissioners, 50 Olin Street, Ocean Grove, New Jersey 07756 or email at RCuttrell@neptunetownship.org.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 453,811.00
Restricted Assets: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	64,822.40
Capital Assets, Net (Note 4)	407,424.57
Total Assets	926,057.97
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Related to Pensions (Note 7) Related to OPEB (Note 8)	101,213.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	109,012.00
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable: Other Pensions Accrued Liabilities: Interest Payable Pensions Reserve for Supplemental Fire Services Grant Noncurrent Liabilities (Note 5): Due within One Year Due beyond One Year Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	18,200.06 50,944.00 2,070.00 25,472.00 500.40 45,075.05 1,212,227.45 1,354,488.96
Related to Pensions (Note 7) Related to OPEB (Note 8)	145,637.00 256,386.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	402,023.00
NET POSITION:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for: Capital Projects Unrestricted (Deficit)	200,424.57 64,322.00 (986,188.56)
Total Net Position	\$ <u>(721,441.99)</u>

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Expenses:	
Operating Appropriations: Administration	\$ 126,432.70
Cost of Operations and Maintenance	601,276.01
Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues	23,000.00
	23,000.00 9,667.50
Interest on Long-Term Debt	<u> 9,007.30</u>
Total Program Expenses	760,376.21
Program Revenues:	
Charges for Services	29,510.43
Operating Grants	<u>14,071.20</u>
Net Program Expenses	<u>716,794.58</u>
General Revenues:	
Taxes:	
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	703,113.00
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	47,130.00
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1,275.01
Unrestricted Miscellaneous Income	2,573.00
Omestreted wiscendicous meome	
Total General Revenues	754,091.01
Increase in Net Position	37,296.43
Net Position, January 1 (Restated)	(758,738.42)
Net Position, December 31	\$ <u>(721,441.99)</u>

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TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

(Continued)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018 Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the capital assets is \$3,534,144.40 and the accumulated depreciation is \$3,126,719.83.

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions represent the consumption and acquisition, respectively, of resources that relate to future periods; therefore, such amounts are not reported in the fund financial statements. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB represent the consumption and acquisition, respectively, of resources that relate to future periods; therefore, such amounts are not reported in the fund financial statements. Accounts payable and accrued expenses related to pensions are not liquidated with current financial resources; therefore, such amounts are not recorded in the fund financial statements.

Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as liabilities in the funds.

Long-term liabilities, including capital leases, pension liability, OPEB liability and compensated absences payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement. Net position of governmental activities

(44,424.00)

407,424.57

(248,587.00)

(76,416.00)

(2,070.00)

(1,257,302.50)

\$ (721,441.99)

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

REVENUES:	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects F <u>und</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Miscellaneous Anticipated Revenues Operating Grant Revenue Miscellaneous Revenues Offset with Appropriations Amount to be Reised by Tayation to Sunnort the	1,275.01 .00 29,510.43	.00 6,250.20 .00	00.	00.	1,275.01 6,250.20 29,510.43
District Budget Non-Budgetary Revenues Total Revenues	703,113.00 2,573.00 \$ 736,471.44	.00 .00 .00 .00	00.	47,130.00 .00 47,130.00	750,243.00 2,573.00 789,851.64
EXPENDITURES:					
Operating Appropriations: Administration Cost of Operations and Maintenance Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues	127,203.01 502,853.53 23,000.00	.00 6,250.20	00· 00· 00·	00.	127,203.01 509,103.73 23,000.00
Debt Service: Principal Interest and Other Charges	00.	00.	00.	37,000.00 10,130.00	37,000.00 10,130.00
Total Expenditures	\$ 653,056.54	6.250.20	00.	47,130.00	706,436.74
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ 83,414.90	00.	00.	00.	83,414.90
					(Continued)

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	00.	00.	83,414.90	116,518,04	499,932.94
•	0 <u>0</u>	00]	8 00:	<u>.00</u>	<u>.00</u>
Debt Service <u>Fund</u>					
Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	00.	00.	00.	64,322.00	64,322.00
Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>	00.	00	00.	00.	00
General <u>Fund</u>	00.	00	83,414.90	352,196.04	\$ 435,610.94
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Subsequent Year Expenditures	Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	Net Change in Fund Balances	Fund Balance, January 1	Fund Balance, December 31

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Total Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 83,414.90

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:

Revenue recognized from non-employer special funding situations with pension plans (long-term liability) is not recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements but is recognized as revenue from contributions in the statement of activities.

7,821.00

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in this period.

Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay (69,787.47)

<u>.00</u> (69,787.47)

Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net pension and is not reported in the statement of activities.

37,000.00

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses, (e.g., compensated absences, pension, OPEB, interest on debt) are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are reported in the amount of financial resources used (paid). When the earned amount exceeds the paid amount, the difference is a reduction in the reconciliation (-); when the paid amount exceeds the earned amount, the difference is an addition to the reconciliation (+).

(21,152,00)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 37,296.43

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2018

	Unemployment Compensation Trust
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	25,643.01
Total Assets	<u>25,643.01</u>
NET POSITION:	
Held in Trust for Unemployment Claims and Other Purposes	25,643.01
Total Net Position	\$ <u>25,643.01</u>

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Unemployment Compensation <u>Trust</u>
ADDITIONS:	
Investment Earnings: Interest	20.04
Net Investment Earnings	20.84
Unemployment Deductions - 2018 Payroll	226.93
Total Additions	247.77
DEDUCTIONS:	
Total Deductions	
Change in Net Position	247.77
Net Position, January 1	<u>25,395.24</u>
Net Position, December 31	\$ <u>25,643.01</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Description of Reporting Entity</u> - Fire District No. 2 of the Township of Neptune (the "Fire District") is a political subdivision of the Township of Neptune, Monmouth County, New Jersey. It was formed in 1886. A board of five commissioners oversees all operations of the Fire District. The length of each commissioner's term is three years with the annual election held the third Saturday of every February.

Fire Districts are governed by N.J.S.A. 40A:14-70 et al. and are organized as a taxing authority charged with the responsibility of providing the resources necessary to provide fire fighting services to the residents within its territorial location. Fire District No. 2 of the Township of Neptune has three fire companies within its jurisdiction, E.H. Stokes Fire Co., Washington Fire Co., and Eagle Hook and Ladder Co.

Component Units - In evaluating how to define the Fire District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus* - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are insubstance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens.

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the Fire District has no component units, and is not a component unit of another governmental agency.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> - The financial statements of the Fire District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Fire District's accounting policies are described in this Note.

The Fire District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provides a more detailed level of financial information.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Basis of Presentation (Cont'd)

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Fire District as a whole, except for fiduciary activities. These statements include the financial activities of the government. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Fire District at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Fire District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The policy of the Fire District is to not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the Fire District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Fire District.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the Fire District segregates transactions related to certain Fire District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Fire District at this more detailed level, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, and fiduciary - are presented. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a single column. The Fire District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Fire District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Fire District and is used to account for the inflows and outflows of its financial resources. The acquisition of certain capital assets, such as fire fighting apparatus and equipment, is accounted for in the General Fund when it is responsible for the financing of such expenditures.

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as state or federal government grants and appropriations, that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Basis of Presentation (Cont'd)

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities such as fire houses and firefighting apparatus. Generally, the financial resources of the capital projects fund are derived from the issuance of debt or by the utilization of fund balance, which must be authorized by the voters as a separate question on the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Fire District on behalf of others and includes the Unemployment Compensation Insurance Trust Fund.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Fire District are included on the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (ie., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (ie., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Government fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting - Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting; the fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the Fire District, available means expected to be received within thirty days of year-end.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Basis of Accounting (Cont'd)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions - Non-exchange transactions, in which the Fire District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include Ad Valorem (property) taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Ad Valorem (Property) Taxes are susceptible to accrual, as under New Jersey State Statute, a municipality is required to remit to its Fire District the entire balance of taxes in the amount voted upon or certified, prior to the end of the fire district year. The Fire District records the entire approved tax levy as revenue (accrued) at the start of the year since the revenue is both measurable and available. The Fire District is entitled to receive monies under the following established payment schedule: on or before April 1, an amount equaling 21.25% of all monies assessed; on or before July 1, an amount equaling 22.5% of all monies assessed; on or before October 1, an amount equaling 25% of all monies assessed; and on or before December 31, an amount equaling the difference between the total of all monies so assessed and the total amount of monies previously paid over. In an effort to facilitate cash flow to the Fire District, Fire District taxes are paid by the municipality and received by the district on a monthly basis, with a monthly adjustment in taxes determined upon adoption of the annual Fire District Budget. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Fire District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Fire District on a reimbursement basis.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: grants, fees, and rentals.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budget / Budgetary Control - The Fire District must adopt an annual budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14-78.1 et al. The fire commissioners must introduce and approve the annual budget not later than sixty days prior to the annual election. At introduction, the commissioners shall fix the time and place for a public hearing on the budget and must advertise the time and place at least ten days prior to the hearing in a newspaper having substantial circulation in the Fire District. The public hearing must not be held less than twenty-eight days after the date the budget was introduced. After the hearing has been held, the fire commissioners may, by majority vote, adopt the budget.

Amendments may be made to the Fire District budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14-78.3. The budget may not be amended subsequent to its final adoption and approval, except for provisions allowed by N.J.S.A.40A:14-78.5.

Subsequent to the adoption of the Fire District budget, the amount of money to be raised by taxation in support of the Fire District budget must appear on the ballot for the annual election for approval of the legal voters.

Budget/Budgetary Control (Cont'd)

Fire districts have a prescribed budgetary basis to demonstrate legal compliance. However, budgets are adopted on principally the same basis of accounting utilized for the preparation of the Fire District's basic fund financial statements.

Exhibit - C-3 presents a reconciliation of the general fund revenues and special revenue fund revenues and expenditures from the budgetary basis of accounting as presented in the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule and the Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule to the GAAP basis of accounting as presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds. Note that the Fire District does not report encumbrances outstanding at year-end as expenditures in the general fund since the general fund budget follows modified accrual basis of accounting.

Encumbrances - Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances are a component of fund balance at year end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Open encumbrances in governmental funds, other than the special revenue fund, which have not been previously restricted, committed, or assigned, should be included with committed or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

Open encumbrances in the special revenue fund, however, for which the Fire District has received advances of grant awards, and all eligibility and time requirements satisfied are reflected on the balance sheet as unearned grant revenue at year-end.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current year-end.

In accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:30-5.2 - Encumbrance Systems, all local units except those subject to the Local Authorities Fiscal Control Act (N.J.S.A. 40A:5A-1et seq.) shall maintain an encumbrance accounting system for its current (general) fund. Since the Fire District is subject to N.J.S.A. 40A:5A-1 et seq., the Fire District has elected not to maintain an encumbrance accounting system for its General Fund.

<u>Cash</u>, <u>Cash</u> <u>Equivalents and Investments</u> - Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey governments are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey governments. At December 31, 2018, the Fire District carried no investment balances.

Additionally, the Fire District has adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Government Unit Deposit Protection Act. The Act was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investment (Cont'd)

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include State or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in the State of New Jersey or State or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in another state with a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The costs are determined on a first-in, first-out method.

The cost of inventories in governmental fund types is recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Inventories recorded on the government-wide financial statements are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. As of December 31, 2018, no material amount of inventories existed.

<u>Prepaid Expenses</u> - Prepaid expenses recorded in the governmental fund types, which benefit future periods, are recorded as an expenditure during the year of purchase. Prepaid expenses recorded on the government-wide financial statements represent payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2018.

<u>Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables</u> - Short-term interfund receivables / payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to / from a particular fund in the Fire District and that are due within one year. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market value as of the date received. The Fire District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.00. The Fire District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated
Description	Lives
Buildings and Improvements	30 Years
Apparatus and Equipment	5-10 Years
Vehicles	5 Years

Capital Assets (Cont'd)

N.J.S.A. 40A:14-84 governs the procedures for the acquisition of property and equipment for Fire Districts, and N.J.S.A. 40:14-85 to 87 governs procedures for the issuance of any debt related to such purchases. In summary, Fire Districts may purchase fire fighting apparatus and equipment and land and buildings to house such property in an amount not exceeding 5 mills on the dollar of the last assessed valuation of property within the district upon the approval of the legal voters. Debt may be issued up to \$60,000.00 or two percent of the assessed valuation of property, whichever is larger.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - The statement of net position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, reported after total assets, represents a reduction of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) at that time. Deferred inflows of resources, reported after total liabilities, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time.

Transactions are classified as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources only when specifically prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards. The Fire District is required to report the following as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources:

Defined Benefit Pension Plans - The difference between expected (actuarial) and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected (actuarial) and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in the Fire District's proportion of expenses and liabilities to the pension as a whole, and differences between the Fire District's pension contribution and its proportionate share of contributions.

Defined Benefit OPEB Plan - The difference between expected (actuarial) and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected (actuarial) and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments, changes in the Fire District's proportion of expenses and liabilities to the OPEB as a whole, and differences between the Fire District's OPEB contribution and its proportionate share of contributions.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation, sick leave, and sabbatical leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered, and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Fire District and its employees, is accrued as the employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services, or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Fire District and its employees, are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied and are recorded as a liability until the revenue is both measurable and the Fire District is eligible to realize the revenue.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations - All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension and OPEB contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are normally expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Pensions and OPEB - For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS), State Health Benefits Program (NJSHBP), and additions to/deductions from PERS's, PFRS's, and NJSHBP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Net Position</u> - Net position represents the difference between the summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is classified into the following three components:

Net investment in capital assets - This component represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, net of outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Fire District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted - Net position is reported as unrestricted when it does not meet the criteria of the other two components of net position.

The Fire District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Balance - The Fire District reports fund balance in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Fire District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The Fire District's classifications, and policies for determining such classifications, are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as inventories and prepaid amounts.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Such restrictions, or constraints, are placed on the use of resources either by being (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund Balance (Cont'd)

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Fire District's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the Fire District is the Board of Commissioners. Such formal action consists of an affirmative vote by the Board of Commissioners, memorialized by the adoption of a resolution. Once committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Commissioners removes, or changes, the specified use by taking the same type of resolution it employed to previously commit these amounts.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Fire District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by either the Board of Commissioners or by the financial officer, to which the Board of Commissioners has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such authority of the financial officer is established by way of a formal job description for the position, approved by the Board of Commissioners.

Unassigned - The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, it is the policy of the Fire District to spend restricted fund balance first. Moreover, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, it is the policy of the Fire District to spend fund balances, if appropriate, in the following order: committed, assigned, then unassigned.

Interfunds - Interfund receivables and payables that arise from transactions between funds are recorded by all funds affected by such transactions in the period in which the transaction is executed.

Accounting Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Impact of Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Principles

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements - During the year 2018 the following GASB Statements were adopted:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. Implementation of this Statement impacted the District's financial statements as disclosed in Note 8.

GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Implementation of this Statement did not impact the District's financial statements.

Impact of Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Principles (Cont'd)

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements (Cont'd) - During the year 2018 the following GASB Statements were adopted:

GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. The objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources - resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. Implementation of this Statement did not impact the District's financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements - The GASB has issued the following Statements which will become effective in future years as shown below:

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, will be effective for the year ended December 31, 2019. The objective of this Statement is to establish criteria for determining the timely pattern of recognition of a liability and corresponding deferred outflow of resources for asset retirement obligations. Management does not expect this Statement to impact the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, will be effective for the year ended December 31, 2019. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial purposes and how those activities should be reported. Management does not expect this Statement to impact the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, will be effective for the year ended December 31, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. Management is currently evaluating the effects this Statement will have on future financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, will be effective for the year ended December 31, 2019. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including borrowings and direct placements. It also clarified which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. Management does not expect this Statement to impact the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, will be effective for the year ended December 31, 2020. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Management does not expect this Statement to impact the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - an amendment to GASB Statement No 14 and No. 61, will be effective for the year ended December 31, 2019. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. Management does not expect this Statement to impact the District's financial statements.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Fire District is governed by the deposit and investment limitations of New Jersey state law. The deposits and investments held at December 31, 2018, and reported at fair value, as follows:

Type	Rating	<u>Maturities</u>	Carrying <u>Value</u>
Deposits: Demand deposits			552,070.75
Investments: Total deposits and investments	N/A	N/A	.00 \$ <u>552,070.75</u>
Reconciliation of Statement of Current: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Net Assets		552,070.75
			\$ <u>552,070.75</u>

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Fire District's deposits might not be recovered. Although the Fire District does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). Under the Act, the first \$250,000.00 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Public funds owned by the Fire District in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled trust funds such as salary withholdings or funds that may pass to the Fire District relative to the happening of a future condition. Such funds are classified as uninsured and uncollateralized. Of the Fire District's amount on deposit of \$552,070.75 as of December 31, 2018, \$500,000.00 was insured under FDIC and the remaining balance of \$52,070.75 was collateralized under GUDPA.

NOTE 3: PROPERTY TAX LEVIES

Following is a tabulation of Fire District assessed valuations, tax levies and property tax rates per \$100.00 of assessed valuations for the current and preceding four years:

<u>Year</u>	Assessed <u>Valuations</u>	Total <u>Tax Levy</u>	Tax <u>Rates</u>
2018	\$1,103,133,200.00	750,243.00	.069
2017	968,438,000.00	730,074.00	.076
2016	945,746,500.00	724,082.00	.077
2015	958,002,040.00	719,569.00	.076
2014	741,776,600.00	698,865.00	.095

NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Jan. 1, 2018	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Dec. 31, 2018
Buildings and Improvements	1,309,596.00	.00	.00	1,309,596.00
Apparatus and Equipment	2,130,493.00	.00.	.00	2,130,493.00
Vehicles	94,055.40	.00	.00	94,055,40
Total Capital Assets being		0.0		
Depreciated	3,534,144.40			3,534,144.40
Less Accumulated Depreciation:	(1 100 003 3()	(7.512.97)	00	(1.205.50(.12)
Buildings and Improvements	(1,198,083.26)	(7,512.87)		(1,205,596.13)
Apparatus and Equipment	(1,811,552.30)	(49,067.80)		(1,860,620.10)
Vehicles	(47,296.80)	(13,206.80)	00	(60,503.60)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,056,932.36)	(69,787.47)	.00.	(3,126,719.83)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation Depreciation	477,212.04	(69,787.47)		_(407,424.57)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>477,212.04</u>	(69,787.47)	.00	(407,424.57)

^{*}Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Cost of Operations and Maintenance	<u>69,787.47</u>
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ <u>69,787.47</u>

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	<u>Jan. 1, 2018</u>	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Dec. 31, 2018	One Year
Obligations Under Capital					
Leases	244,000.00	.00	37,000.00	207,000.00	38,000.00
Compensated Absences	59,590.00	1,727.50	.00	61,317.50	7,075.05
Net Pension Liability (Note 7)	609,635.00	.00	74,512.00	535,123.00	.00
Net OPEB Liability (Note 8)	583,687.00		129,825.00	453,862.00	00
Total Government-wide					
Long-Term Debt	3 <u>1,496,912.00</u>	<u>1,727.50</u>	<u>241,337.00</u>	1,257,302.50	<u>45,075.05</u>

<u>Bonds and Notes Authorized But Not Issued</u> - As of December 31, 2018, the Fire District had no authorized but not issued bonds and notes.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>- Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid.

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONT'D)

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations (Cont'd):

Net Pension Liability - The Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) net position liability of the government fund types is recorded in the current and long-term liabilities and will be liquidated by the General Fund. The current portion of the PERS net pension liability at December 31, 2018 is \$.00 and the long-term portion is \$49,012.00. The current portion of the PFRS net pension liability at December 31, 2018 is \$.00 and the long-term portion is \$486,111.00. See Note 7 for further information on the PERS and PFRS.

Net OPEB Liability - The net OPEB liability attributable to the Fire District at June 30, 2018 was \$453,862.00. See Note 8 for further information on this net OPEB liability.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

The Fire District entered into a capital lease agreement with the Monmouth County Improvement Authority (MCIA) on October 1, 2013 to lease/purchase a Toyne Class A Pumper fire apparatus. The terms of the lease require the principal payment of \$375,000 to be paid in ten (10) annual installments beginning October 1, 2015 at an interest rate of 2.189%.

Principal and interest due on the Fire District capital lease obligations outstanding are as follows:

	Annual'
Period Debt	Debt Service
Ending Principal Interest Service	<u>Payment</u>
04/01/2019 4,140.00 4,140.00	
10/01/2019 38,000.00 4,140.00 42,140.00	46,280.00
04/01/2020 3,380.00 3,380.00	
10/01/2020 40,000.00 3,380.00 43,380.00	46,760.00
04/01/2021 2,580.00 2,580.00	
10/01/2021 41,000.00 2,580.00 43,580.00	46,160.00
04/01/2022 1,760.00 1,760.00	1
10/01/2022 43,000.00 1,760.00 44,760.00	46,520.00
04/01/2023 900.00 900.00	
10/01/2023 45,000.00 900.00 45,900.00	46,800.00
\$207,000.00 $25,520.00$ $232,520.00$	232,520.00

NOTE 7: PENSION PLANS

The eligible Fire District's employees participate in one of the following defined benefit pension plans: the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS), which are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. Each plan has a Board of Trustees that is primarily responsible for its administration. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to:

State of New Jersey
Division of Pensions and Benefits
P.O. Box 295
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295
http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

Public Employees' Retirement System - The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which was established as of January 1, 1955, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A. The PERS's designated purpose is to provide retirement, death, disability and medial benefits to certain qualified members. Membership in the PERS is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the Fire District, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system or other state pensions fund or local jurisdiction's pension fund. The PERS's Board of Trustees is primarily responsible for the administration of the PERS.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The Police and Firemen's Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan which was established as of July 1, 1944, under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:16A. The PFRS's designated purpose is to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. Membership in the PFRS is mandatory for substantially all full-time police and firemen of the Fire District. The PFRS's Board of Trustees is primarily responsible for the administration of the PFRS.

Vesting and Benefit Provisions

Public Employees' Retirement System - The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. The PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after 10 years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of the PERS.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

Tier Definition

- 1 Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
- 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
- 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
- 4 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 5 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

Vesting and Benefit Provisions (Cont'd)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:16A. The PFRS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except disability benefits, which vest after four years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PFRS:

Tier Definition

- 1 Members who were enrolled prior to May 22, 2010
- 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits are available at age 55 and are generally determined to be 2% of final compensation for each year of creditable service, as defined, up to 30 years plus 1% for each year of service in excess of 30 years. Members may seek special retirement after achieving 25 years of creditable service, in which benefits would equal 65% (tiers 1 and 2 members) and 60% (tier 3 members) of final compensation plus 1% for each year of creditable service over 25 years but not to exceed 30 years. Members may elect deferred retirement benefits after achieving ten years of service, in which case benefits would begin at age 55 equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of service.

Contributions

Public Employees' Retirement System - The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Members contribute at a uniform rate. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, the active member contribution rate increased from 5.5% of annual compensation to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over seven years beginning in July 2012. The member contribution rate was 7.50% in State fiscal year 2018. The phase-in of the additional incremental member contribution rate takes place in July of each subsequent State fiscal year. The rate for members who are eligible for the Prosecutors Part of PERS (Chapter 366, P.L. 2001) was 10% in State fiscal year 2018. Employers' contributions are based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability.

The Fire District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2018 was 97.15% of the Fire District's covered-employee payroll. This amount was actuarially determined as the amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, including an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

Contributions (Cont'd)

Public Employees' Retirement System (Cont'd) - Based on the most recent PERS measurement date of June 30, 2018, the Fire District's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2018 is \$15,823.00, and is payable by April 1, 2019. Based on the PERS measurement date of June 30, 2017, the Fire District's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$15,604.00, which was paid on April 1, 2018. Employee contributions to the Plan during the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$1,213.92.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:16A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, the active member contribution rate was 10.0% in State fiscal year 2018. Employers' contributions are based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability.

Special Funding Situation Component - Under N.J.S.A. 43:16A-15, local participating employers are responsible for their own contributions based on actuarially determined amounts, except where legislation was passed which legally obligated the State if certain circumstances occurred. The legislation which legally obligates the State is as follows: Chapter 8, P.L. 2000, Chapter 318, P.L. 2001, Chapter 86, P.L. 2001, Chapter 511, P.L. 1991, Chapter 109, P.L. 1979, Chapter 247, P.L. 1993 and Chapter 201, P.L. 2001. The amounts contributed on behalf of the local participating employers under this legislation is considered to be a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68, and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute under this legislation directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability or deferred outflows or inflows to record in the government-wide financial statements or to disclose in the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employer related to this legislation.

The Fire District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2018 was 28.64% of the Fire District's covered-employee payroll. This amount was actuarially determined as the amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Based on the most recent PFRS measurement date of June 30, 2018, the Fire District's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2018 is \$35,121.00, and is payable by April 1, 2019. Based on the PFRS measurement date of June 30, 2017, the Fire District's contractually required contribution to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$31,670.00, which was paid on April 1, 2018. Employee contributions to the plan during the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$12,263.52.

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

Contributions (Cont'd)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - (Cont'd) - The amount of contractually required contribution for the State of New Jersey's proportionate share, associated with the Fire District, for the year ended December 31, 2018 was 3.19% of the Fire District's covered-employee payroll.

Based on the most recent PFRS measurement date of June 30, 2018, the State's contractually required contribution, on-behalf of the Fire District, to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2018 is \$3,911.00, and is payable by April 1, 2019. Based on the PFRS measurement date of June 30, 2017, the State's contractually required contribution, on-behalf of the Fire District, to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$3,094.00, which was paid on April 1, 2018.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Public Employees' Retirement System - At December 31, 2018, the Fire District's proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability was \$49,012.00. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The Fire District proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Fire District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. For the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the Fire District's proportion was .0002489250%, which was an increase of .0000032410% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

At December 31, 2018, the Fire District's proportionate share of the PERS pension expense, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date was \$3,673.00.

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - At December 31, 2018, the Fire District's and State of New Jersey's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability were as follows:

Fire District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$486,111.00
State of New Jersey's Proportionate Share of Net Pension	
Liability Associated with the Fire District	66,030.00
	\$552,141.00

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The Fire District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Fire District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the State of New Jersey, actuarially determined. For the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the Fire District's proportion was .0035923997%, which was an increase of .0000139433% from its proportion, on-behalf of the Fire District, was .0035923997%, which was an increase of .0000139433% from its proportion, on-behalf of the Fire District, measured as of June 30, 2017.

Fire District Contributions Subsequent to the Measure-

ment Date

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System - (Cont'd) - At December 31, 2018, the Fire District's proportionate share of the PFRS pension expense, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date is \$7,821.00.

At December 31, 2018, the State's proportionate share of the PFRS pension expense, associated with the Fire District, calculated by the Plan as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date is \$7,821.00. This on-behalf expense has been recognized by the Fire District in the government-wide financial statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - At December 31, 2018, the Fire District had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources

00.

\$19,448.50 81,764.50 101,213.0016,384.00 129,253.00 145,637.00

	PERS	PFRS	<u>Total</u>	PERS	PFRS	<u>Total</u>
Differences between Expected and Actual		101600	7 004 00			
Experience	935.00	4,946.00	5,881.00	253.00	2,012.00	2,265.00
Changes of Assumptions	8,076.00	41,726.00	49,802.00	15,671.00	124,582.00	140,253.00
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	.00	.00	.00	460.00	2,659.00	3,119.00
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Fire District Contributions and Proportionate Share of						
Contributions	2,526.00	17,532.00	20,058.00	.00	.00	.00

\$7,911.50 and \$17,560.50 for PERS and PFRS, respectively, included in deferred outflows of resources, will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2019. These amounts were based on an estimated April 1, 2020 contractually required contribution. prorated from the pension plans measurement date of June 30, 2018 to the Fire District's year end of December 31, 2018.

7,911.50 17,560.50 25,472.00

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Cont'd) - The Fire District will amortize the above other deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions over the following number of years:

	PERS		PFRS	
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflow of	Inflow of	Outflow of	Inflow of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between Expected and Actu	al Experience		····	
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:				
June 30, 2015	5.72	.00	.00	5.53
June 30, 2016	5.57	.00	.00	5.58
June 30, 2017	5.48	.00	5.59	5.59
June 30, 2018	5.63	5.63	5.73	5.73
Changes of Assumptions				
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:				
June 30, 2014	6.44	.00	6.17	.00
June 30, 2015	5.72	.00	5.53	.00
June 30, 2016	5.57	.00	5.58	.00
June 30, 2017	5.48	5.48	5.59	.00
June 30, 2018	5.63	5.63	5.73	5.73
Net Difference between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Invest	ments			
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:				
June 30, 2014	.00	5.00	.00	5.00
June 30, 2015	.00	5.00	.00	5.00
June 30, 2016	5.00	5.00	.00	5.00
June 30, 2017	5.00	5.00	5.00	.00
June 30, 2018	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Changes in Proportion and Differences be	etween Fire			
District Contributions and Proportionate		butions		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:				
June 30, 2014	6.44	.00	6.17	.00
June 30, 2015	5.72	.00	5.53	.00
June 30, 2016	5.57	.00	5.57	.00
June 30, 2017	5.48	.00	5.58	.00
June 30, 2018	5.63	5.63	5.73	5.73
04	0	1 1 0 11	G 0	0.75

Other amounts included as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future periods as follows:

Year Ending Dec 31,	<u>PERS</u>	<u>PFRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2019	652.00	1,353.00	2,005.00
2020	651.00	(1,406.00)	(755.00)
2021	(2,637.00)	(33,477.00)	(36,114.00)
2022	(2,654.00)	(23,732.00)	(26,386.00)
2023	(859.00)	(7,787.00)	(8,646.00)
	\$ <u>(4,847.00)</u>	(65,049.00)	(69,896.00)
	47		

General Information about the Pension Plans (Cont'd)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Cont'd)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions - The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. The total pension liability was calculated through the use of updated procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>PERS</u>	<u>PFRS</u>
Inflation	2,25%	2.25%
Salary Increases: Through 2026 Thereafter	1.65% - 4.15% Based on Age 2.65% - 5.15% Based on Age	2.10% - 8.98% Based on Age 3.10% - 9.98% Based on Age
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%	7.00%
Mortality Rate Table	RP-2000	RP-2000
Period of Actuarial Experience Study upon which Actuarial Assumptions were		
Based	July 1, 2011 - June 30, 2014	July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2013

For PERS, preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Preretirement Mortality Table for male and female active participants. For State employees, mortality tables are set back 4 years for males and females. For local employees, mortality tables are set back 2 years for males and 7 years for females. In addition, the tables provide for future improvements in mortality from the base year of 2013 using a generational approach based on the Conduent modified 2014 projection scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (set back 1 year for males and females) for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members. In addition, the tables for service retirements and beneficiaries of former members provide for future improvements in mortality from 2012 to 2013 using Projection Scale AA and using a generational approach based on the Conduent 2014 projection scale thereafter. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (set back 3 years for males and set forward 1 year for females).

For PFRS, preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality tables projected on a generational basis from the base year of 2000 to 2013 using Projection Scale BB and the Conduent modified 2014 projection scale thereafter. For preretirement accidental mortality, a custom table with representative rates was used and there is no mortality improvement assumed. Post-retirement mortality rates for male service retirements are based on the RP-2000 Combined Heathy Mortality Tables projected on a generational basis using Projection Scale AA from the base year of 2012 to 2013 and the Conduent modified 2014 projection scale thereafter. Post-retirement mortality rates for female service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected on a generational basis from the base year of 2000 to 2013 using Projection Scale BB and the Conduent modified 2014 projection scales thereafter. Disability mortality rates were based on a custom table with representative rates and no mortality improvement assumed.

Actuarial Assumptions (Cont'd) - For PERS and PFRS, in accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2018) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's and PRFS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Assets Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Risk Mitigation Strategies	5.00%	5.51%
Cash equivalents	5.50%	1.00%
U.S. Treasuries	3.00%	1.87%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	3.78%
Public high yield	2.50%	6.82%
Global diversified credit	5.00%	7.10%
Credit oriented hedge funds	1.00%	6.60%
Debt related private equity	2.00%	10.63%
Debt related real estate	1.00%	6.61%
Private real asset	2.50%	11.83%
Equity related real estate	6.25%	9.23%
U.S. equity	30.00%	8.19%
Non U.S. developed markets equity	11.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.64%
Buyouts/venture capital	<u>8.25%</u>	13.08%
	<u>100%</u>	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 was 5.66% for PERS and 6.51% for PFRS. For both PERS and PFRS, the respective single blended discount rates were based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and for PFRS, the non-employer contributing entity, will be made based on the contribution rate in the most recent fiscal year. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2046 for PERS and through June 30, 2062 for PFRS. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through June 30, 2046 for PERS and through June 30, 2062 for PFRS, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liabilities.

Sensitivity of Fire District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) - The following presents the Fire District's proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2018, the Plan's measurement date, calculated using a discount rate of 5.66%, as well as what the Fire District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used:

		PERS	
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (4.66%)	Discount Rate (5.66%)	Increase (6.66%)
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ <u>61,627.00</u>	\$ <u>49,012.00</u>	\$38,429.00

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) - As previously mentioned, PFRS has a special funding situation, where the State of New Jersey pays a portion of the Fire District's annual required contribution. As such, the net pension liability as of June 30, 2018, the Plan's measurement date, for the Fire District and the State of New Jersey, calculated using a discount rate of 6.51%, as well as using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used is as follows:

		PFRS	
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease _(5.51%)_	Discount Rate (6.51%)	Increase (7.51%)
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	650,599.00	486,111.00	350,438.00
State of New Jersey's Proportionate	050,577.00	100,111.00	330,136.00
Share of Net Pension Liability			
associated with the Fire District	77,637.00	66,030.00	56,472.00
	\$ <u>728,236.00</u>	\$ <u>552,141.00</u>	\$ <u>406,910.00</u>

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits financial report. Information on where to obtain the report is indicated at the beginning of this note.

<u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program</u> - The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established on July 1, 2017 for certain public employees under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007. The DCRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined contribution pension fund. The DCRP provides eligible members, and their beneficiaries with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, along with life insurance and disability coverage. The DCRP is administered by Prudential Financial for the Division of Pension and Benefits.

The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by state statute. In accordance with Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007, plan members are required to contribute 5.5% of their base covered wages. Member contributions to the plan are matched by a 3.0% Fire District contribution.

Defined Contribution Retirement Program (Cont'd) - Eligible members are provided with a defined contribution retirement plan intended to quality for favorable Federal income tax treatment under IRC Section 401(a), a noncontributory group life insurance plan and a noncontributory group disability benefit plan. A participant's interest in that portion of his or her defined contribution retirement plan account attributable to employee contributions shall immediately become and shall at all times remain fully vested and non forfeitable. A participant's interest in that portion of his or her defined contribution retirement plan account attributable to employer contributions shall be vested and non forfeitable on the date the participant commences the second year of employment or upon his or her attainment of age 65, while employed by an employer, whichever occurs first.

Contribution to the plan were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Employee	Employer
2018	1,407.03	767.45
2017	1,357.02	740.20
2016	1,212.75	661.50
2015	1,079.55	588.82
2014	1,181.36	644.38

NOTE 8: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2 contributes to the State Health Benefits Program (SHBP) - State Health Benefit Local Government Retired Employees Plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. SHBP was established in 1961 under N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.25 et seq., to provide health benefits to State employees, retirees, and their dependents. Rules governing the operation and administration of the program are found in Title 17, Chapter 9 of the New Jersey Administrative Code.

The SHBP was extended to employees, retirees, and dependents of participating local public employers in 1964. Local employees must adopt a resolution to participate in the SHBP. In 1975, the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2 authorized participation in the SHBP's post-retirement benefit program through Resolution dated October 9, 1975. Full-time employees that meet the requirements of retirement eligibility as promulgated by the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) or the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) are eligible for health and prescription coverage upon retirement for the retiree and eligible family members. The plan meets the definition of an equivalent arrangement as defined in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions; therefore, assets are accumulated to pay associated benefits.

The State Health Benefits Commission is the executive body established by statute to be responsible for the operation of the SHBP. The State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the SHBP. That report may be obtained by writing to: State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, NJ 08625-0295 or by visiting their website at https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

Benefits Provided - The Plan provides medical and prescription drug coverage to retirees and their dependents of the participating employers. Under the provisions of Chapter 88, P.L. 1974 and Chapter 48, P.L. 1999, local government employers electing to provide post-retirement medical coverage to their employees must file a resolution with the Division. Under Chapter 88, local employers elect to provide benefit coverage based on the eligibility rules and regulations promulgated by the State Health Benefits Commission. Chapter 48 allows local employers to establish their own age and service eligibility for employer paid health benefits coverage for retired employees. Under Chapter 48, the employer may assume the cost of post-retirement medical coverage for employees and their dependents who: 1) retired on a disability pension; or 2) retired with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 3) retired and reached the age of 65 with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retired system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 4) retired and reached age 62 with at least 15 years of service with the employer. Further, the law provides that the employer paid obligations for retiree coverage may be determined by mean of a collective negotiations agreement.

In accordance with Chapter 330, P.L. 1997, which is codified in N.J.S.A. 52:14-17.32i, the State provides medical and prescription coverage to local police officers and firefighters, who retire with 25 years of service or on a disability from an employer who does not provide post-retirement medical coverage. Local employers were required to file a resolution with the Division in order for their employees to qualify for State-paid retiree health benefits coverage under Chapter 330. The State also provides funding for retiree health benefits to survivors of local police officers and firefighters who die in the line of duty under Chapter 271, P.L. 1989.

<u>Contributions</u> - Participating employers are contractually required to contribute based on the amount of premiums attributable to their retirees. Post-retirement medical benefits under the plan have been funded on a pay-as-you-go basis since 1994. Prior to 1994, medical benefits were funded on an actuarial basis.

Contributions to pay for the health premiums of participating retirees in the SHBP are billed to the Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2 on a monthly basis. The funding is raised through a line item in the District's annual budget and includes full payment of health and prescription coverage.

Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, future retirees for post-retirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, three (3) active eligible participants and one (1) retired eligible participant were in the SHBP plan in which the District was billed and contributions were made of \$81,163.72 for active participants and \$6,304.08 for the retired participant in the year 2018; and \$86,468.16 for active participants and \$6,773.28 for the retired participant in the year 2017, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Special Funding Situation - Under Chapter 330, P.L. 1997, the State shall pay the premium or periodic charges for the qualified local police and firefighter retirees and dependents equal to 80 percent of the premium or periodic charge for the category of coverage elected by the qualified retiree under the State managed care plan or a health maintenance organization participating in the program providing the lowest premium or periodic charge. The State also provides funding for retiree health benefits to survivors of local police officers and firefighters who die in the line of duty under Chapter 271, P.L. 1989.

Special Funding Situation (Cont'd) - Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 75 and the State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute under this legislation directly to the plan, there is no net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, or deferred inflows of resources to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers related to this legislation. However, the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers must disclose the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that is associated with the local participating employer.

The Township of Neptune Fire District No. 2 does not come under the provisions of Chapter 330, P.L. 1997 and, therefore, is not considered to be an employer in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 75.

Allocation Methodology - GASB Statement No 75 requires participating employers in the Plan to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources, and collective OPEB expense. The special funding situation's and nonspecial funding situation's net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense are based on separately calculated total OPEB liabilities. The nonspecial funding situation's net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense are further allocated to employers based on the ratio of the plan members of an individual employer to the total members of the Plan's nonspecial funding situation during the measurement period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Employer and nonemployer allocation percentages were rounded for presentation purposes; therefore, amounts presented in the schedule of OPEB amounts by employer and nonemployer may result in immaterial differences.

Net OPEB Liability - The components of the collective net OPEB liability of the participating employers in the Plan, for the years ending December 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	12/31/18 June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018	12/31/17 June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017
Total OPEB Liability Plan fiduciary net position Net OPEB liability	\$15,981,103,227.00 314,485,086.00 \$ <u>15,666,618,141.00</u>	\$20,629,044,656.00 <u>213,255,917.00</u> \$ <u>20,415,788,739.00</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	1.97%	1.03%
District's portion of the Plan's total Net OPEB liability	0.002897%	0.002859%
Total OPEB liability - District Plan fiduciary net position - District Net OPEB liability - District	\$462,973.00 <u>9,111.00</u> \$ <u>453,862.00</u>	\$589,784.00

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs</u> - The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2018.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Cont'd)</u> - The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

Inflation Rate 2.50%

Salary Increases*:

Through 2026 1.65% - 8.98% Thereafter 2.65% - 9.98%

* Salary increases are based on the defined benefit plan that the member is enrolled in and his or age.

Preretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male/Female Mortality Table with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using MP-2017 scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Health Annuitant Male/Female Mortality Table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale. Disability mortality was based on the RP-2006 Headcount-Weighted Disabled Male/Female Mortality Table with fully generational improvement projections from the central year using the MP-2017 scale.

Certain actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of the pension plans' experience studies for which the members are eligible for coverage under this Planthe Police and Firemen Retirement System (PFRS) and the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). The PFRS and PERS experience studies were prepared for the periods July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2013 and July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2014, respectively.

100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement.

<u>Health Care Trend Assumptions</u> - For pre-Medicare preferred provider organization (PPO) and health maintenance organization (HMO) medical benefits, the trend rate initially is 5.8% and decreases to a 5.0% long-term trend rate after eight years. For self-insured post 65 PPO and HMO medical benefits, the trend rate is 4.5%. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.0% decreasing to a 5.0% long-term rate after seven years. The Medicare Advantage trend rate is 4.5% and will continue in all future years.

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate for June 30, 2018 was 3.87%. This represents the municipal bond rate as chosen by the State. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

<u>OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits financial report. Information on where to obtain the report is indicated at the beginning of this note.

Sensitivity of Fire District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

State Health Benefits Program (SHBP) - The following presents the Fire District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability at June 30, 2018, the Plan's measurement date, calculated using a healthcare trend rate as disclosed above, as well as what the Fire District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used:

		SHBP	
	1%	Current Healthcare	1%
	<u>Decrease</u>	Trend Rate	<u>Increase</u>
Fire District's Proportionate Share			
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ <u>378,594.0</u>	<u>00</u> \$ <u>453,862.00</u>	\$ <u>551,270.00</u>

Sensitivity of Fire District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

State Health Benefits Program (SHBP) - The following presents the Fire District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability at June 30, 2018, the Plan's measurement date, calculated using a discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the Fire District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used:

		SHBP	
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (2.87%)	Discount Rate (3.87%)	Increase (4.87%)
Fire District's Proportionate Share			
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ <u>532,500.00</u>	\$ <u>453,862.00</u>	\$ <u>391,048.00</u>

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - At December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Fire District had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, including current year additions and current year deductions recognized in OPEB expense, related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources:	Year of <u>Deferral</u>	Amortization Period	Beginning of Year Balance	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	End of Year <u>Balance</u>
Differences between projected and actual						
investment earnings on OPEB plan investment	2017	5 Years	100.00	.00	25.00	75.00
	2018	5 Years		206.00	41.00	165.00
			100.00	206.00	66.00	240.00
Changes in proportion	2017	8.04 Years	.00	.00	.00	.00
	2018	8.14 Years	.00.	8,618.00	1,059.00	7,559.00
			.00	8,618.00	1,059.00	7,559.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			100.00	8,824.00	1,125.00	7,799.00
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Differences between expected and actual experience	2018	8.14 Years		105,056.00	12,906.00	92,150.00
Changes in assumptions	2017	8.04 Years	64,784.00	.00	9,202.00	55,582.00
1	2018	8.14 Years	.00	67,886.00	8,340.00	59,546.00
			64,784.00	67,886.00	17,542,00	115,128.00
Changes in proportion	2017	8.04 Years	57,239,00	.00	8,131.00	49,108.00
	2018	8.14 Years	.00	.00		.00
			57,239.00	.00.	8,131.00	49,108.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			122,023.00	172,942.00	38,579.00	256,386.00
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The amounts reported as a deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	37,454.00
2020	37,454.00
2021	37,454.00
2022	37,478.00
2023	37,520.00
Thereafter	61,227.00
Total	\$ <u>248,587.00</u>

OPEB Expense - The components of allocable OPEB expense for the year ending June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Ι	District's proportionate
		share (0.002897%)
	State of New	of the State of
	Jersey's OPEB	New Jersey's OPEB
	expense	expense
Service cost	\$896,235,148.00	\$25,964.00
Interest on total OPEB liability	764,082,232.00	22,135.00
Expected investment return	(9,389,460.00)	(272.00)
Administrative expense	8,200,113.00	238.00
Current period recognition (amortization) of deferred		
inflows/outflows of resources:		
Differences between expected and actual experience	(445,501,726.00)	(12,906.00)
Changes of assumptions	(606,176,763.00)	(17,561.00)
Differences between projected and actual investment		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	2,288,478.00	<u>66.00</u>
Total OPEB expense	\$ <u>609,738,022.00</u>	17,664.00
Changes in proportion - employer specific		<u>(7,072.00)</u>
Total OPEB expense with employer specific liabil	ity	10,592.00
Other adjustments - employer specific		(13,893.00)
District's total OPEB expense at December 31, 20	18	\$ <u>(3,301.00)</u>

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fire District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance - The Fire District maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability, accident and surety bonds.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance - The Fire District covers its employees under the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund by the "contributions" method. Under this method, a contribution rate is established annually for the Fire District share of unemployment tax. This rate is based on cost experience for all government employers.

NOTE 10: DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The Fire District offers its employees a Deferred Compensation Plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 which has been approved by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services. The Plan, available to all full time employees at their option, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary to future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE 10: DEFERRED COMPENSATION CONT'D)

Amounts deferred under Section 457 plans must be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participating employees and not be accessible by the Fire District or its creditors. Since the Fire District does not have a fiduciary relationship with the Plan, the balances and activities of the Plan are not reported in the Fire District's financial statements.

NOTE 11: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Fire District accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Fire District employees are entitled to fifteen paid sick leave days per year. Unused sick leave may be accumulated and carried forward to the subsequent years. Employees are entitled to four personal days which may not be carried forward to subsequent years. Vacation days not used during the year may not be accumulated and carried forward.

The Fire District compensates employees for unused sick leave, vacation, and compensatory time upon termination or retirement. Payment will be made based on the employee's rate of pay at the time of termination or retirement.

The liability for vested compensated absences is recorded within those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. As of December 31, 2018, the liability for compensated absences in the governmental fund types was \$61,317.50.

NOTE 12: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of December 31, 2018, no interfund receivables or payables existed.

NOTE 13: <u>FUND BALANCES</u>

RESTRICTED

As stated in note 1, the restricted fund balance classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Such restrictions, or constraints, are placed on the use of resources by either of the following: (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Specific restrictions of the Fire District's fund balance are summarized as follows:

Capital Projects Fund - On January 12, 2012, the governing body of the Fire District adopted a resolution providing for a ballot question at the annual election held on February 18, 2012, which was approved by the voters. The voter-approved ballot question authorized the Fire District to acquire one (1) Class A Pumper fire apparatus. The Fire District was approved to expend an amount not to exceed \$500,000.00 for the foregoing capital project, and on October 9, 2013, issued Capital Equipment Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 from the Monmouth County Improvement Authority in the amount of \$375,000, yielding net bond proceeds of \$400,000 on its issuance which had been restricted as of December 31, 2013 for the acquisition of the Class A Pumper fire apparatus. The Fire District had appropriated an amount of \$89,264.00 in its 2014 budget and an additional amount of \$1,414.00 representing a net increase resulting from a change order authorized by Resolution #2014-06-03 to be utilized from the \$155,000 residing in its Reserve for Future Capital Outlays as of December 31, 2013 to permanently fund the cost of the fire apparatus acquisition in the amount of \$490,678.00. As of December 31, 2018, the restricted fund balance - Reserve for Future Capital Outlays is \$64,322.00.

NOTE 13: FUND BALANCES CONT'D)

ASSIGNED

As stated in note 1, the assigned fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Fire District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Specific assignments of the Fire District's fund balance are summarized as follows:

General Fund -

For Subsequent Year's Expenditures - The Fire District has appropriated and included as anticipated revenue for the year ending December 31, 2019, \$90,000.00 of general fund balance at December 31, 2018.

UNASSIGNED

As stated in note 1, the unassigned fund balance classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The Fire District's unassigned fund balance is summarized as follows:

General Fund - As of December 31, 2018, \$345,610.94 of general fund balance was unassigned.

NOTE 14: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Fire District receives a substantial amount of its support from its local district taxes. A significant reduction in the level of support, if this were to occur, may have a significant effect on the District's programs and activities.

NOTE 15: LITIGATION

There are no pending or threatened litigation or unasserted claims or assessments against the Fire District for the year ended December 31, 2018, through the date of the independent auditor's report.

NOTE 16: DEFICIT IN UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

As reflected on Exhibit A-1, Statement of Net Position, a deficit in unrestricted net position of (\$983,188.56) existed as of December 31, 2018. The primary cause of this deficit is the recording of the long-term liability for compensated absences, net pension and net OPEB. In accordance with full accrual accounting, which is the basis of accounting for Exhibit A-1, Statement of Net Position, such liabilities are required to be recorded in the period in which they are incurred. However, in accordance with the rules and regulations that govern the Fire District in the formation of their annual budget (See Note 1), compensated absences, pension and OPEB liabilities that relate to future services, or that are contingent on a specific event outside the control of the Fire District and its employees, are funded in the period in which services are rendered or in which such events take place. Therefore, this deficit in unrestricted net position does not indicate that the Fire District is facing financial difficulties.

NOTE 17: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT/RETROACTIVE RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Net position as of December 31, 2017, has been restated as follows for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The cumulative effect on the government-wide financial statements as reported for December 31, 2017 is as follows:

Beginning Net Position as Previously Reported at December 31, 2017

(53,128.42)

Prior Period Adjustment - Implementation of GASB Statement No. 75:

Net OPEB Liability at June 30, 2017 Measurement Date

(583,687.00)

Deferred Outflows of Resources per June 30, 2017 OPEB Plan Reports

100.00

Deferred Inflows of Resources per June 30, 2017 OPEB Plan Reports

(122,023.00)

Total Prior Period Adjustment

(705,610.00)

Net Position as Restated, December 31, 2017

\$(758,738.42)

NOTE 18: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed and evaluated all events and transactions that occurred between December 31, 2018, and October 15, 2019, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements, and no items have come to the attention of the District that would require disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II



TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Original Budget	Budget Modifications/ <u>Transfers</u>	Final Budget	P Actual	Variance Positive (Negative) Final to Actual
REVENUES:						
	Miscellaneous Anticipated Revenues: Interest on Investments and Deposits	300.00	00.	300.00	1,275,01	975.01
	Total Miscellaneous Anticipated Revenues	300.00	00	300.00	1,275.01	975.01
	Miscellaneous Revenues Offset with Appropriations: Uniform Fire Safety Act (P.L. 1983, Ch. 383): Annual Registration Fees Penalties and Fines	8,000.00	00.	8,000.00	29,510.43	21,510.43 (15,000.00)
	Total Miscellaneous Revenues Offset with Appropriations	23,000.00	00	23,000.00	29,510.43	6,510.43
	Amount to be Raised by Taxation to Support the District Budget	703,113.00	00.	703,113.00	703,113.00	00.
	Total Anticipated Revenues	726,413.00	00	726,413.00	733,898.44	7,485.44
	Non-Budgetary Revenues: Miscellaneous Income	00.	00.	00.	2,573.00	2,573.00
	Total Non-Budgetary Revenues	00.	. 00.	00.	2,573.00	2,573.00
	Total Revenues	726,413.00	00.	726,413.00	736,471.44	10,058.44

(Continued)

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

EXPENDITURES:	Original M Budget	Budget Modifications/ <u>Transfers</u>	Final Budget	Posit Actual Fi	Variance Positive (Negative) Final to Actual
Operating Appropriations: Administration: Salary and Wages (Excluding Commissioners) Commissioners Fringe Benefits Other Expenses:	30,665.00	00.	30,665.00	28,665.00	2,000.00
	62,900.00	00.	62,900.00	61,796.67	1,103.33
	5,820.00	00.	5,820.00	5,380.45	439.55
Election	1,500.00	.00	1,500.00	829.92	670.08
Office Supplies	7,000.00	.00	7,000.00	6,664.99	335.01
Professional Services	33,000.00	.16,000.00	49,000.00	23,865.98	25.134.02
Total Administration	140,885.00	16,000.00	156,885.00	127,203.01	29,681.99
Cost of Operations and Maintenance: Salary and Wages Fringe Benefits Other Expenses:	118,325.00 78,954.00	00.	118,325.00 78,954.00	112,688.30 72,550.56	5,636.70 6,403.44
Insurance Hydrant Rental Advertising Dues & Education Firefighting/Building Supplies Utilities Maintenance and Repairs	80,000.00	.00	80,000.00	60,492.00	19,508.00
	39,000.00	.00	39,000.00	34,573.63	4,426.37
	1,500.00	.00	1,500.00	220.38	1,279.62
	6,000.00	.00	6,000.00	1,209.24	4,790.76
	143,749.00	.00	143,749.00	72,084.27	71,664.73
	30,000.00	.00	30,000.00	27,140.32	2,859.68
	105,000.00 (16,000.00)	.00	89,000.00	83,340.20	5,659.80

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original	Budget Modifications/	/ Final	Po	Variance Positive (Negative)
		<u>Transfers</u>	£ΗI	Actual I	Final to Actual
EXPENDITURES (CONT'D):					
Operating Appropriations (Cont'd): Cost of Operations and Maintenance (Cont'd): Other Expenses (Cont'd): Training	10,000.00	00.	10,000.00		7,610.72
Communications & Fire Alarm Fire Safety - Other Expenses	22,000.00	00.	22,000.00	16,282.38 19,882.97	5,717.62 3,117.03
Total Cost of Operations and Maintenance	657,528.00	657,528.00 (16,000.00) 641,528.00	641,528.00	502,853.53	138.674.47
Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues: Uniform Fire Safety Act:	6				Ç.
Salary and Wages Fringe Benefits	23,000.00 .00	00.	23,000.00	23,000.00	00.
Other Benefits	00.	00.	00.	00.	00.
Total Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues	23,000.00		00 23,000.00 23,000.00	23,000.00	00.
Total Expenditures	821,413.00		.00 821,413.00 653,056.54	653,056.54	168,356.46

(Continued)

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Final Positive (Negative) Budget Actual Final to Actual	(95,000,00) 83,414,90 178,414.90	00. 00. 00.	00. 00. 00.	(95,000.00) 83,414.90 <u>178,414.90</u>	352,196.04	435,610.94	90,000.00 345,610.94 \$ <u>435,610.94</u>
	.00 (95.0	00	00	00 (95.			
Budget Modifications/ <u>Transfers</u>		00	00				
Original <u>Budget</u>	(95,000.00)	0.	0.	(95,000.00)			
	Excess (Deficiency) of Budget Revenues Over (Under) Budget Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Subsequent Year's Expenditures	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Fund Balance, January 1	Fund Balance, December 31	Recapitulation: Assigned Fund Balance: Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned Fund Balance Fund Balance Per General Fund (GAAP)

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budget Original Modifications/ Budget Transfers	Budget fodifications/ Transfers	Final <u>Budget</u>	Po Actual	Variance Positive (Negative) Final to Actual
REVENUES:					
Operating Grant Revenue: Supplemental Fire Services Grant (P.L. 1985, Ch. 295)	6,251.00	00.	6,251.00	6,250.20	(80)
Total Revenues	6,251.00	00.	6,251.00	6,250.20	(08.)
EXPENDITURES:					
Cost of Operations and Maintenance: Supplemental Fire Services Grant - Supplies	6,251.00	00.	6,251.00	6,250.20	<u>08.</u>
Total Expenditures	6.251.00	00	6,251.00	6,250.20	08.
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>00°</u> sa	00.	00	00.	00.
Fund Balance, January 1		`		00	
Fund Balance, December 31				.00	

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>
Sources / Inflows of Resources:		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenue" from the budgetary comparison schedule	736,471.44	6,250.20
Grant accounting budgetary basis differs from GAAP in that encumbrances are recognized as expenditures, and the related revenue is recognized.	.00	
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds. (B-2)	\$ <u>736,471.44</u>	<u>6,250.20</u>
Uses / Outflows of Resources:		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total expenditures" and "other financing uses" from budgetary comparison schedule	653,056.54	6,250.20
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received is reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for financial reporting purposes.	00	
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - governmental funds. (B-2)	\$ <u>653,056.54</u>	<u>6,250.20</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART III

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)
Last Ten Years

Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Measurement Date Ended June 30,

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Fire District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0002489250%	0.0002456840%	0.0002409989%	0.0002337938%	0.0002271995%	0.0002217711%
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	49,012.00	57,191.00	71,377.00	52,482.00	42,538.00	42,385.00
Fire District's Covered - Employee Payroll	16,360.00	15,585.00	15,420.00	14,752.00	14,323.00	13,906.00
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of it's Covered - Employee Payroll	299.58%	366.96%	462.89%	355.76%	296.99%	304.80%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	53.60%	48.10%	40.14%	47.93%	52.08%	48.72%

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Fire District's Contributions
Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)
Last Ten Years
(Unaudited)

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	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Fire District's Contractually Required Contribution	15,823.00	15,604.00	15,083.00	14,577.00	16,276.00	13,522.00
Fire District's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(15.823.00)	(15,604.00)	(15,083.00)	(14,577.00)	(16,276.00)	(13,522.00)
Fire District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	00.	00.	00	00	00	00.
Fire District's Covered - Employee Payroll	16,360.00	15,885.00	15,420.00	14,970.00	14,534.00	14,111.00
Fire District's Contributions as a Percentage of it's Covered - Employee Payroll	96.72%	98.23%	97.81%	97.37%	111.99%	95.83%

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)

Last Ten Years
(Unaudited)

Measurement Date Ended June 30.	<u>2018</u> <u>2017</u> <u>2016</u> <u>2015</u> <u>2014</u> <u>2013</u>	0.0035923997% 0.0035784564% 0.0035220864% 0.0034534011% 0.0033482666% 0.0032747709%	486,111.00 552,444.00 672,809.00 575,216.00 421,181.00 435,351.00	$\frac{66,030.00}{66,030.00} \qquad 61,878.00 \qquad 56,499.00 \qquad 50,445.00 \qquad 45,354.00 \qquad 40,354.00$	\$552.141.00 $614.322.00$ $729,308.00$ $625,661.00$ $466,535.00$ $475,705.00$	122,635.00 119,180.00 115,830.00 110,970.00 107,558.00 104,263.00	396.39% 463.54% 580.86% 518.35% 391.59% 417.55%	70VL 65 701F C9 701E 75 701U C5 70C5 F5 708F C9
		Fire District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the Fire District	Total	Fire District's Covered - Employee Payroll	Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of it's Covered - Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Fire District's Contributions Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

Year Ended December 31,

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Fire District's Contractually Required Contribution	35,121.00	31,670.00	28,717.00	28,071.00	25,717.00	23,892.00
Fire District's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(35,121.00)	(31,670.00)	(28,717.00)	(28,017.00)	(25,717.00)	(23.892.00)
Fire District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	00.	00.	00	00	00	00
Fire District's Covered - Employee Payroll	122,635.00	119,180.00	115,830.00	112,575.00	109,365.00	105,751.00
Fire District's Contributions as a Percentage of it's Covered - Employee Payroll	28.64%	26.57%	24.79%	24.94%	23.51%	22.59%

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the Fire District's Changes in the
Proportionate Share of State Total Liability and Related Ratios (OPEB)
Last Ten Years
(Unaudited)

Year Ended December 31,

	2018	2017	2016
Fire District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.002897%	0.002859%	0.003160%
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	453,862.00	583,687.00	686,272.00
State's Proportionate Share of the net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	00.	00.	00
Total	\$453,862.00	\$ <u>583,687.00</u>	\$686,272.00
Fire District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$132,425.72	126,708.62	122,687.87
Fire District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	342.73%	460.65%	559.36%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total (OPEB) Liability (Local)	1.97%	1.03%	%69'0

Required Supplementary Information
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018
(Unaudited)

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms -

None

Changes in Assumptions -

The discount rate changed from 5.00% as of June 30, 2017 to 5.66%

as of June 30, 2018, in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB

Statement No. 67.

Other Changes in Assumptions -

None

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)

Changes in Benefit Terms -

None

Changes in Assumptions -

The discount rate changed from 6.14% as of June 30, 2017 to 6.51%

as of June 30, 2018, in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB

Statement No. 67.

Other Changes in Assumptions -

None

State Health Benefit Local Government Retired Employee Plan (OPEB)

Changes in Benefit Terms -

None

Changes in Assumptions -

The discount rate changed from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87%

as of June 30, 2018, in accordance with Paragraph 58 of GASB

Statement No. 75.

Other Changes in Assumptions -

None

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Summary Statement of Project Expenditures Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Unexpended Balance Dec. 31, 2018	64,322.00	64,322.00
Authorized Allocation by Expenditures Resolution Current Year	00.	
	00.	
2018 Budget Appropriations	00.	
Unexpended Balance Dec. 31, 2017	\$64,322.00	\$64,322.00
Authorization <u>Amount</u>	N/A	tricted
Authorization <u>Date</u>	N/A	tal Outlays - Restı
Project Title/Issue	Reserve for Future Capital Outlays	Reserve for Future Capital Outlays - Rest

LONG-TERM DEBT

Schedule of Obligations under Capital Leases
Debt Service Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

<u>Description</u>	Date of <u>Lease</u>	Term of <u>Lease</u>	Amount of Or Principal	riginal Issue Interest	Interest Rate <u>Payable</u>	Amount Outstanding Jan. 1, 2018	Issued Current Year		Amount Outstanding Dec. 31, 2018
Toyne Class A Pumper Fire Apparatus	10/01/12	10 Years	375,000.00	90,654.00	2 1000/	\$244,000.00	.00	37,000.00	207,000.00

TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Original Budget	Budget Original Modifications/ Budget Transfers	Final Budget	Pos Actual E	Variance Positive (Negative) Final to Actual
REVENUES:					
Amount to be Raised by Taxation to Support the District Budget	47,130.00	00.	47,130.00	47,130.00	00
Total Revenues	47.130.00	00.	47,130.00	47,130.00	00.
EXPENDITURES:					
Principal Payments: Capital Leases	37,000.00	00.	37,000.00 37,000.00	37,000.00	00.
Interest Payments: Capital Leases	10,130.00	00.	10,130.00	10,130.00	00
Total Expenditures	47,130,00	00.	47,130.00	47,130.00	00.
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	00	00.	00.	00°	00.
Fund Balance, January 1				00.	
Fund Balance, December 31				00.	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2 TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE, NEW JERSEY

Schedule of Findings and Recommendations For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the reportable conditions, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

None

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 2 TOWNSHIP OF NEPTUNE, NEW JERSEY

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Recommendations

Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the status of prior year findings related to the general-purpose financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

APPRECIATION

We express our appreciation for the assistance and courtesies rendered by the Fire District officials during the course of the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Vincent J. Alving, CPA
ALVINO & SHECHTER, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants